Independent Forensics Small Field Kit for Rapid Stain Identification Of Human Saliva (RSID™)

General Guidelines

The RSID™-Saliva Field Kit is designed for fast, easy, and reliable detection of human saliva from stains encountered at crime scenes. RSID™-Saliva Field Kit testing will assist investigators in determining which samples are the most likely to yield DNA profiles. All of the materials needed to perform stain analysis on 5 individual samples in the field are provided. Single use, individually packaged components eliminate the possibility of sample contamination.

Components of the RSID™-Saliva Field Kit

- Five clear plastic bags each bag contains the components needed to sample an individual stain: RSIDTM-Saliva cassette and plastic transfer pipette. Bag components are intended for single use only.
- Five sample tubes- each with pre measured (700 μ l) extraction / running buffer.
- Sample tube rack- holds tubes during extraction.

Sample Collection

When possible, stains deposited on fabric or other substrates that can be easily cut, should be dissected to preserve a portion of the stain for DNA analysis.

The recommended cutting size for the RSIDTM-Saliva Field Kit is approximately 30-40 mm². The following figures demonstrate the recommended cutting size:









Stains deposited on substrates that cannot be easily cut (*e.g.*, glass, metal) should be sampled by sponging the stain with a swab moistened in the provided water. The swab can be moistened by quickly dipping the swab into the water. When analyzing a large stain, reserve a portion of the stain for possible DNA analysis.

When testing a small stain, sponge the entire stain with a moistened swab and test a portion of the swab batting by removing a cutting of the swab. The remainder of the swab should be preserved for additional analysis (e.g., RSIDTM-Semen, RSIDTM-Blood, DNA analysis, etc.)

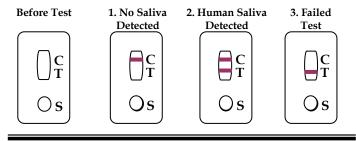
Protocol

- 1. Remove plastic bag containing single use components.
- 2. Take cutting (from stain or swab) and place it into the extraction tube (see *Sample Collection*, above).
- 3. Close extraction tube and shake vigorously.
- 4. Incubate sample in extraction buffer for a minimum of 20 minutes at room temperature.*
- 5. After incubation/soak step, remove RSIDTM-Saliva cassette from sealed foil pouch.
- 6. Vigorously shake extraction tube and using provided transfer pipette, place **4 drops** of extraction solution into the sample well of the cassette (circular well indicated by "S" on the cassette). Note time.
- 7. After 10 minutes, score cassette as positive or negative based on the presence or absence of a red line at the test position. See *Result Interpretation*, below.
- 8. Document the results and information regarding the sample. We recommend photo documentation prior to discarding used cassette.
- *Longer incubation and soak time are recommended for older evidence samples or for questioned samples with minimal biological material. We have noted only a minor increase in test sensitivity after 50 minutes of incubation.

Result Interpretation

RSID $^{\text{TM}}$ -Saliva should be evaluated exactly 10 minutes after sample addition. Possible results are:

- 1. A single red line at the Control (C) position indicates that *no* saliva was detected.
- 2. Two red lines (at both the Control, C, and Test, T, positions) indicate that *human saliva* was detected.
- 3. A single red line at the Test (T) Position indicates a failed test, no conclusion possible.



Manufactured by:

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